

PSHE (Personal, Social, Health and Economic) Education Policy

including Relationships & Health Education, statutory from September 2020, and our position on Sex Education

Date of Policy	January 2024
Member of staff responsible	David Mackenzie
Role	Deputy Head (Academic)
Last Review	Significant changes

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January 2025	No updates

Context

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- ♣ Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

PSHE

At St Faith's Prep School, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education as a whole-school approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

The Jigsaw Programme offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area. The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website.

This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects required under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our children.

Statutory Relationships and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education...They also make Health Education schools except independent schools. Personal, in all Social, Health Economic Education(PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools." DfE Guidance p.8

"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way."

"This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England...as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools."

"In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy."

"These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others' wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society." Secretary of State Foreword

DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons."

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSE." DfE Guidance p.11

DfE Guidance p.8

Here, at St Faith's Prep School we value PSHE as one way to support children's development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to your children's needs. The mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education, shows exactly how Jigsaw and therefore our school, meets the statutory Relationships and Health Education requirements.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up to date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

Our PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance)
- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)
- **Behaviour and Discipline in Schools** (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- **♣** Equality Act 2010 and schools
- **♣** SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance)
- **Alternative Provision** (statutory guidance)
- ♣ Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools)
- ♣ Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- ♣ Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools (advice for schools)
- ♣ The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts)
- ♣ Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC)
- **SMSC** requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE.

What do we teach when and who teaches it?

Whole-school approach

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.
Autumn 2:	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding
Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society
Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise
Summer 1:	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change

At St Faith's Prep School we allocate at least 1 hour to PSHE each week in order to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways:

Assemblies and collective worship, praise and reward system, Learning Charter, through relationships child to child, adult to child and adult to adult across the school. We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community.

Class teachers deliver the weekly lessons to their own classes.

Relationships Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'Families and people who care for me', 'Caring friendships', 'Respectful relationships', 'Online relationships', and 'Being safe'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps children appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the children involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

Health Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', Physical health and fitness', Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the Calm me time, social skills are grown every lesson through the Connect us activity and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Also, teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'Changing adolescent body' strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Puzzle (unit).

Again, the mapping document transparantly shows how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

Sex Education

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.23) recommends that all primary schools 'have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. However, 'Sex Education is not compulsory in primary schools'. (p. 23)

Schools are to determine the content of sex education at primary school. Sex education 'should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and - drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born'.

At St Faith's Prep School, we believe children should understand the facts about human reproduction before they leave primary school.

We define Sex Education as an understanding of puberty, developmental personal changes, human reproduction including conception.

These sessions will be delivered by school staff and with the support of an experienced GP. The children will be separated into Year 5 & 6 girls and Year 5 & 6 boys.

The sessions will be delivered as part of the PSHE curriculum, however it is your right to request that your child is withdrawn from the sessions. We do however recommend that all children attend to ensure that all pupils have accurate and factual information, delivered in a sensitive but unemotional manner, supervised by experienced and qualified staff.

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education"

DfE Guidance p. 17

At St Faith's Prep School, puberty is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by our Jigsaw PSHE Programme in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle (unit). We conclude that sex education refers to Human Reproduction, and therefore inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this i.e. the Jigsaw Changing Me Puzzle (unit) e.g.

Year 4, Lesson 2 (Having a baby)

Year 5, Lesson 4 (Conception)

Year 6, Lesson 4 (Conception, birth)

The school will inform parents of their right to withdraw their child by email, the term before the lessons are taught.

Equality

This policy will inform the school's Equalities Plan.

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p. 15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics...

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their pupils about LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

At St Faith's Prep School we promote respect for all and value every individual child. We also respect the right of our children, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise, and understand that sometimes these may be in tension with our approach to some aspects of Relationships, Health and Sex Education. Please find below how and when the JIGSAW programme encourages discussion and celebration of diversity.

Celebrating Diversity

Reception	Families
Year 1	Differences and similarities within our class.
Year 2	My Family looks different to your family.

Year 3	Families
Year 4	Judging by appearances
Year 5	Comparing cultures, racism.
Year 6	Understanding differences, Equality Act, gender transitioning.

For further explanation as to how we approach LGBT relationships in the PSHE (RSHE) Programme please see:

Monitoring and Review

The Senior Leadership Team (SLT) monitors this policy on an annual basis.

The SLT makes modifications if needed. We give serious consideration to any comments from parents about the PSHE (RSHE) programme, and make a record of all such comments. Senior leaders and teachers scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

^{&#}x27;Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships?'



Relationships Education in Primary schools - DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults. The references R3/H5 etc can be cross-referenced on the Jigsaw mapping documents and Puzzle Maps to show which lessons throughout Jigsaw contribute to which statutory outcomes. All statutory outcomes are covered in the Jigsaw 3-11 Programme.

The guidance states that, by the end of primary school:

	Pu	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Families and	•	R1 that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security	All of these aspects are covered in
people who		and stability.	lessons within the Puzzles
care for me	•	R2 the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times	
		of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of	 Relationships
		spending time together and sharing each other's lives.	 Changing Me
	•	R3 that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different	 Celebrating Difference
		from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other	 Being Me in My World
		children's families are also characterised by love and care.	
	•	R4 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of	
		happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.	
	•	R5 that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to	
		each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available to	
		both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013	
		extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through	
		which a couple get married may be civil or religious).	
	•	R6 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and	
		how to seek help or advice from others if needed	

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Rath characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharinginterests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties R9 that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel lonely or excluded R10 that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right R11 how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help and advice from others, if needed R12 the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different tenices or have different preferences or beliefs R13 practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships R13 practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectionships R14 the conventions of coutesy and manners R15 the importance of self-respect and mow this links to their own happiness R16 that in school and in wider societythey can expect to others, including those in positions of authority R17 about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help positions of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying in relationships with friends, peers and adults R20 that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not. R21 that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respe	full state of the	•	K/ IIOW Important mendships are in making us teel happy and secure, and how people		
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•	relationships		someone they are not.	essons within the Puzzles	
•		•	R21 that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships,		_
			including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.		

luding late; ate ults; ate dult. they do so.		•	R22 the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful	Changing Me
 R23 how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. R24 how information and data is shared and used online. R25what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context). R26 about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe. R27 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact. R28 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know. R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard, R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so. R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources. 			content and contact, and how to report them.	 Celebrating Difference
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	Being safe	•	R25what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others	All of these aspects are covered in
• • •			(including in a digital context).	lessons within the Puzzles
• • •		•	R26 about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults;	
• •			including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.	 Relationships
•		•	R27 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate	 Changing Me
 R28 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know. R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard, R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so. R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources. 			and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.	 Celebrating Difference
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 R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard, R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so. R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources. 		•	R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.	
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 R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so. R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources. 			are heard,	
R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.		•	R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.	
		•	R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.	

Physical health and mental well-being education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. Teachers should be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

By the end of primary school:

Mental wellbeing • H1 that mental physical health. • H2 that there is anger, fear, surpexperience in recognation to recognation to recognation to the supplementation of the supplemen	know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
• • • •		
 Physical neg H2 that their anger, fear, experience H3 how to represent to the total the t	H1 that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within
 H2 that the anger, fear, experience H3 how to represent to the series of the serie	ealth.	the Puzzies
anger, fear, experience • H3 how to r varied voca others' feel • H4 how to j behaving is	H2 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness,	
 experience H3 how to r varied voca others' feel H4 how to j behaving is H5 the beneficial 	anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans	 Healthy Me
 H3 how to r varied voca others' feeling H4 how to j behaving is H5 the benefit 	experience in relation to different experiences and situations.	 Relationships
varied voca others' feel H4 how to j behaving is	H3 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a	 Changing Me
others' feel H4 how to j behaving is H5 the ben	varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and	 Celebrating Difference
H4 how to j behaving is H5 the bene	elings.	
behaving is H5 the bene	H4 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are	
H5 the bene	behaving is appropriate and proportionate.	
	H5 the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community	
participatio	participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being	
and happiness.	ness.	
H6 simple s	H6 simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time	
spent with t	spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.	
H7 isolation	H7 isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very	
important f	important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek	
support.		
H8 that bull	H8 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting	
impact on n	impact on mental well-being.	
H9 where a	H9 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for	
seeking sup	seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they	
are worried	are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or	
ability to co	ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).	

	•	H10 it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many	
		people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.	
Internet safety and	•	H11 that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within
narms		many benefits.	the Puzzles
	•	H12 about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of	
		excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and	Relationships
		negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.	 Healthy Me
	•	H13 how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and	
		knowhow to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the	
		importance of keeping personal information private.	
	•	H14 why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for	
		example, are age restricted.	
	•	H15 that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse,	
		trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a	
		negative impact on mental health.	
	•	H16 how to be a discerning consumer of information online including	
		understanding that information, including that from search engines, is	
		ranked, selected and targeted.	
	•	H17 where and how to report concerns and get support with issues	
		online.	
Physical health and	•	H18 the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within
fitness		lifestyle.	the Puzzles
	•	H19 the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly	
		routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to	 Healthy Me
		school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.	
	•	H20 the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).	
	•	H21 how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in	
		school if they are worried about their health.	
Healthy eating	•	H22 what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within
		other nutritional content).	the Puzzles

	14 CCI 1		
	IN C7L	nzo une principies or pianning and preparing a range or nealtny meals.	
	 H24 th 	H24 the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy	 Healthy Me
	eating	eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other	
	behavi	behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).	
Drugs, alcohol and	 H25 th 	H25 the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated	
tobacco	risks, i	risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking	
Health and	 H26 hc 	H26 how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss,	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within
prevention	or une	or unexplained changes to the body.	the Puzzles
	 H27 at 	H27 about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the	
	risk of	risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.	 Healthy Me
	 H28 th 	H28 the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and	
	that a	that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.	
	 H29 ak 	H29 about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental	
	flossin	flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.	
	 H30 ak 	H30 about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how	
	they a	they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing.	
	 H31 th 	H31 the facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination	
Basic first aid	 H32 hc 	H32 how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within
	necessary.	sary.	the Puzzles
	• H33 cc	H33 concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common	
	injurie	injuries, including head injuries.	 Healthy Me
Changing adolescent body	H34 ke particu	H34 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles
	emotic		
	 H35 al 	H35 about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the	Changing Me
	menst	menstrual cycle.	 Healthy Me

Jigsaw PSHE 3 -11/12 Content Overview



Age Group	Being Me In My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Ages 3-5 (F1-F2)	Self-identity Understanding feelings Being in a classroom Being gentle Rights and responsibilities	Identifying talents Being special Families Where we live Making friends Standing up for yourself	Challenges Perseverance Goal-setting Overcoming obstacles Seeking help Jobs Achieving goals	Exercising bodies Physical activity Healthy food Sleep Keeping clean Safety	Family life Friendships Breaking friendships Falling out Dealing with bullying Being a good friend	Bodies Respecting my body Growing up Growth and change Fun and fears Celebrations
Ages 5-6	Feeling special and safe Being part of a class Rights and responsibilities Rewards and feeling proud Consequences Owning the Learning Charter	Similarities and differences Understanding bullying and knowing how to deal with it Making new friends Celebrating the differences in everyone	Setting goals Identifying successes and achievements Learning styles Working well and celebrating achievement with a partner Tackling new challenges Identifying and overcoming obstacles Feelings of success	Keeping myself healthy Healthier lifestyle choices Keeping clean Being safe Medicine safety/safety with household items Road safety Linking health and happiness	Belonging to a family Making friends/being a good friend Physical contact preferences People who help us Qualities as a friend and person Self-acknowledgement Being a good friend to myself Celebrating special relationships	Life cycles – animal and human Changes in me Changes since being a baby Differences between female and male bodies (correct terminology) Linking growing and learning Coping with change Transition
Ages 6-7	Hopes and fears for the year Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Safe and fair learning environment Valuing contributions Choices Recognising feelings	Assumptions and stereotypes about gender Understanding bullying Standing up for self and others Making new friends Gender diversity Celebrating difference and remaining friends	Achieving realistic goals Perseverance Learning strengths Learning with others Group co-operation Contributing to and sharing success	Motivation Healthier choices Relaxation Healthy eating and nutrition Healthier snacks and sharing food	Different types of family Physical contact boundaries Friendship and conflict Secrets Trust and appreciation Expressing appreciation for special relationships	Life cycles in nature Growing from young to old Increasing independence Differences in female and male bodies (correct terminology) Assertiveness Preparing for transition
Ages 7-8	Setting personal goals Self-identity and worth Positivity in challenges Rules, rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Responsible choices Seeing things from others' perspectives	Families and their differences Family conflict and how to manage it (child-centred) Witnessing bullying and how to solve it Recognising how words can be hurtful Giving and receiving compliments	Difficult challenges and achieving success Dreams and ambitions New challenges Motivation and enthusiasm Recognising and trying to overcome obstacles Evaluating learning processes Managing feelings Simple budgeting	Exercise Fitness challenges Food labelling and healthy swaps Attitudes towards drugs Keeping safe and why it's important online and off line scenarios Respect for myself and others Healthy and safe choices	Family roles and responsibilities Friendship and negotiation Keeping safe online and who to go to for help Being a global citizen Being aware of how my choices affect others Awareness of how other children have different lives Expressing appreciation for family and friends	How babies grow Understanding a baby's needs Outside body changes Inside body changes Family stereotypes Challenging my ideas Preparing for transition

Age Group	Being Me In My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Ages 8-9	Being part of a class team Being a school citizen Rights, responsibilities and democracy (school council) Rewards and consequences Group decision-making Having a voice What motivates behaviour	Challenging assumptions Judging by appearance Accepting self and others Understanding influences Understanding bullying Problem-solving Identifying how special and unique everyone is First impressions	Hopes and dreams Overcoming disappointment Creating new, realistic dreams Achieving goals Working in a group Celebrating contributions Resilience Positive attitudes	Healthier friendships Group dynamics Smoking Alcohol Assertiveness Peer pressure Celebrating inner strength	Jealousy Love and loss Memories of loved ones Getting on and Falling Out Girlfriends and boyfriends Showing appreciation to people and animals	Being unique Having a baby Girls and puberty Confidence in change Accepting change Preparing for transition Environmental change
Ages 9-10	Planning the forthcoming year Being a citizen Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences How behaviour affects groups Democracy, having a voice, participating	Cultural differences and how they can cause conflict Racism Rumours and name-calling Types of bullying Material wealth and happiness Enjoying and respecting other cultures	Future dreams The importance of money Jobs and careers Dream job and how to get there Goals in different cultures Supporting others (charity) Motivation	Smoking, including vaping Alcohol Alcohol and anti-social behaviour Emergency aid Body image Relationships with food Healthy choices Motivation and behaviour	Self-recognition and self-worth Building self-esteem Safer online communities Rights and responsibilities online Online gaming and gambling Reducing screen time Dangers of online grooming SMARRT internet safety rules	Self- and body image Influence of online and media on body image Puberty for girls Puberty for boys Conception (including IVF) Growing responsibility Coping with change Preparing for transition
Ages 10-11	Identifying goals for the year Global citizenship Children's universal rights Feeling welcome and valued Choices, consequences and rewards Group dynamics Democracy, having a voice Anti-social behaviour Role-modelling	Perceptions of normality Understanding disability Power struggles Understanding bullying Inclusion/exclusion Differences as conflict, difference as celebration Empathy	Personal learning goals, in and out of school Success criteria Emotions in success Making a difference in the world Motivation Recognising achievements Compliments	Taking personal responsibility How substances affect the body Exploitation, including 'county lines' and gang culture Emotional and mental health Managing stress	Mental health Identifying mental health worries and sources of support Love and loss Managing feelings Power and control Assertiveness Technology safety Take responsibility with technology use	Self-image Body image Puberty and feelings Conception to birth Reflections about change Physical attraction Respect and consent Boyfriends/girlfriends Sexting Transition
Ages 11-12 (Scotland)	Personal identity What influences personal identity Identify personal strengths How do others see me? Group identity My growing sense of personal identity and independence Online and global identity Expectations	Assertiveness Prejudice and discrimination My values and those of others Challenging stereotypes Discrimination in school How prejudice and discrimination fuels bullying Being inclusive	What are my dreams and goals? Steps to success Coping when things don't go to plan Rewarding my dreams Intrinsic and extrinsic motivation Keeping my dreams alive How dreams and goals change in response to life	Healthy choices about my emotional health Managing stress Manging my choices around substances Managing my nutritional choices Medicines and immunisation Healthy choices about physical activity and rest/sleep	My changing web of friendships Support I need now and in the future Developing positive relationships What external factors affect relationships, e.g. media influences? Assertiveness in relationships The changing role of families	My changing body and feelings What is self-image? Coping during times of change My changing ways of thinking Managing my changes in mood Moving forwards into my next year of education